

# Package ‘AdaptFit’

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**Version** 0.2-2

**Title** Adaptive Semiparametric Regression

**Author** Tatyana Krivobokova <tkrivob@gwdg.de>

**Maintainer** Tatyana Krivobokova <tkrivob@gwdg.de>

**Depends** SemiPar, MASS, nlme, cluster

**Description** Based on the function ``spm" of the SemiPar package fits semiparametric regression models with spatially adaptive penalized splines.

**License** GPL (>= 2)

**Repository** CRAN

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**NeedsCompilation** no

## R topics documented:

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| absent . . . . . | 1 |
| asp . . . . .    | 2 |

|              |          |
|--------------|----------|
| <b>Index</b> | <b>6</b> |
|--------------|----------|

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|        |                         |
|--------|-------------------------|
| absent | <i>Absenteeism data</i> |
|--------|-------------------------|

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## Description

The absent contains data on the absenteeism of workers of a medium-sized industrial company in southern Germany observed between 01.01.1981 and 31.12.1998.

## Usage

```
data(absent)
```

**Format**

This data frame contains the following columns:

**id** employee's ID  
**absent** number of days of absenteeism  
**status** 1 for the uncensored last day of absenteeism  
**date** date of the first day of a sick leave  
**day** day of the week of the first day of a sick leave  
**month** month

**Source**

Kauermann, G and Ortlieb, R. (2004). Temporal pattern in number of staff on sick leave: the effect of downsizing. *Journal of Royal Statistical Society, Series C*, **53**, 353-367.

**References**

Krivobokova, T., Crainiceanu, C.M. and Kauermann, G. (2007)  
Fast Adaptive Penalized Splines  
*Journal of Computational and Graphical Statistics*.

**Examples**

```
library(AdaptFit)
data(absent)
attach(absent)
```

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asp

*Fit a semiparametric regression model with spatially adaptive penalized splines*

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**Description**

asp fits semiparametric regression models using the mixed model representation of penalized splines with spatially adaptive penalties, based on the "spm" function of the SemiPar-package.

**Usage**

```
asp(form, adap=TRUE, random=NULL, group=NULL, family="gaussian",
     spar.method="REML", omit.missing=NULL, niter=20, niter.var=50, tol=1e-06, returnFit=FALSE, w
```

**Arguments**

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| form         | a formula describing the model to be fit. Note, that an intercept is always included, whether given in the formula or not.   |
| adap         | TRUE (default) if an adaptive fit should be performed, otherwise the fit is identical to that of function "spm".   |
| random       | "random=~1" specifies inclusion of a random intercept according to the groups specified by the "group" argument.   |
| group        | a vector of labels for specifying groups.  |
| family       | for specification of the type of likelihood model assumed in the fitting. May be "gaussian", "binomial" or "poisson".  |
| spar.method  | method for automatic smoothing parameter selection. May be "REML" (restricted maximum likelihood) or "ML" (maximum likelihood).  |
| omit.missing | a logical value indicating whether fields with missing values are to be omitted.   |
| niter        | a maximum number of iterations for the mean estimation, default is 20.   |
| niter.var    | a maximum number of iterations for the variance of random effects estimation, default is 50.   |
| tol          | tolerance for the convergence criterion. Default is 1e-6.  |
| returnFit    | a logical value indicating whether the fitted object should be returned when the maximum number of iterations is reached without convergence of the algorithm. Default is FALSE. |
| weights      | to use only with grouped binary data.  |
| correlation  | correlation structure of the response; see documentation to "nlme".  |
| control      | see lmeControl in the documentation to "nlme".   |

**Details**

See the SemiPar Users' Manual for details and examples.

**Value**

A list object of class "spm" containing the fitted model. The components are:

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| fitted          | fitted values.  |
| coef.mean       | estimated mean coefficients.  |
| design.matrices | design matrices both for knots und subknots.                                  |
| x               | x values.   |
| knots           | knots.  |
| y.cov           | estimated covariance matrix of the response.                                  |
| random.var      | estimated covariance matrix of the random effects.                            |
| subknots        | subknots.   |
| coef.random     | estimated spline coefficients of the covariance matrix of the random effects. |

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| var.random.var | estimated variance of the spline coefficients of the covariance matrix of the random effects.             |
| fit            | mimics fit object of lme() for family="gaussian" and glmmPQL() for family="binomial" or family="poisson". |
| info           | information about the inputs.   |
| aux            | auxiliary information such as variability estimates.  |

### Author(s)

Tatyana Krivobokova <tkrivob at gwdg.de>

### References

- Krivobokova, T., Crainiceanu, C.M. and Kauermann, G. (2008)  
Fast Adaptive Penalized Splines. *Journal of Computational and Graphical Statistics*. 17(1) 1-20.
- Ganguli, B. and Wand, M.P. (2005)  
*SemiPar 1.0 Users' Manual*.  
<http://www.maths.unsw.edu.au/~wand/papers.html>
- Ruppert, D., Wand, M.P. and Carroll, R.J. (2003)  
*Semiparametric Regression* Cambridge University Press.  
<http://stat.tamu.edu/~carroll/semiregbook/>

### See Also

[gam](#) (in package 'mgcv') [lme](#) (in package 'nlme') [glmmPQL](#) (in package 'MASS')

### Examples

```
## scatterplot smoothing

x <- 1:1000/1000
mu <- exp(-400*(x-0.6)^2)+5*exp(-500*(x-0.75)^2)/3+2*exp(-500*(x-0.9)^2)
y <- mu+0.5*rnorm(1000)

#fit with default knots
y.fit <- asp(y~f(x))
plot(y.fit)

## one more scatterplot smoothing with specified knots and subknots

x <- 1:400/400
mu <- sqrt(x*(1-x))*sin((2*pi*(1+2^((9-4*6)/5)))/(x+2^((9-4*6)/5)))
y <- mu+0.2*rnorm(400)

kn <- default.knots(x,80)
kn.var <- default.knots(kn,20)

y.fit <- asp(y~f(x,knots=kn,var.knot=kn.var))
plot(y.fit)
```

```

## additive models

x1 <- 1:300/300
x2 <- runif(300)
mu1 <- exp(-400*(x1-0.6)^2)+5*exp(-500*(x1-0.75)^2)/3+2*exp(-500*(x1-0.9)^2)
mu2 <- sin(2*pi*x2)
y2 <- mu1+mu2+0.3*rnorm(300)

y2.fit <- asp(y2~f(x1)+f(x2))
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
y21.fit <- asp(y2~f(x1,adap=FALSE)+f(x2)) #switch off adaptive fitting for the first function
plot(y2.fit)
plot(y21.fit)
par(mfrow=c(1,1))

## spatial smoothing

mu3 <- x1*sin(4*pi*x2)
y3 <- mu3+diff(range(mu3))*rnorm(300)/4

#for the specified knots and subknots use
# kn <- default.knots.2D(x1,x2,12^2) # !!! interactive function !!!
# kn.var <- default.knots.2D(kn[,1],kn[,2],5^2)
# y3.fit <- asp(y3~f(x1,x2,knots=kn,var.knot=kn.var))

## non-normal response

x <- 1:1000/1000
mu <- exp(-400*(x-0.6)^2)+5*exp(-500*(x-0.75)^2)/3+2*exp(-500*(x-0.9)^2)
y4 <- rbinom(1000,5,1/(1+exp(-mu)))
nn <- rep(5,1000)
y4.fit <- asp(cbind(y4,nn-y4)~f(x),family="binomial")
### same as ### y4.fit <- asp(y4/nn~f(x),family="binomial",weights=nn)
plot(y4.fit) #plot of systematic component

## correlated errors

y5 <- sin(2*pi*x1)+0.3*arima.sim(300,model=list(ar=0.6))

y5.fit <- asp(y5~f(x1),adap=FALSE,correlation=corAR1())
plot(y5.fit)

#see also SemiPar User Manual

#
# The current version of the SemiPar User Manual is posted on the web-site:
#
# www.maths.unsw.edu.au/~wand/papers.html

```

# Index

\*Topic **adaptive**  
asp, [2](#)

\*Topic **datasets**  
absent, [1](#)

\*Topic **models**  
asp, [2](#)

\*Topic **nonlinear**  
asp, [2](#)

\*Topic **regression**  
asp, [2](#)

\*Topic **smooth**  
asp, [2](#)

absent, [1](#)  
asp, [2](#)

gam, [4](#)  
glmPQL, [4](#)

lme, [4](#)